

TOWN OF PALISADE, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2018

CONTENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 28, 2019

Board of Trustees Town of Palisade, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Palisade, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of Trustees Town of Palisade, Colorado August 28, 2019 Page Two

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Palisade, Colorado, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension information on pages 4-11 and 44-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Palisade's basic financial statements. The non-major governmental fund combining statements, the Capital Improvement, Tourism, Conservation Trust, Palisade Rural Fire Protection District, Water and Utility Funds budgetary schedules, and the Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



Board of Trustees Town of Palisade, Colorado August 28, 2019 Page Three

The combining statements and budgetary schedules for the aforementioned funds and the Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Chadwick, Steinhirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As Town of Palisade Management, we offer readers of the Town of Palisade financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The Town of Palisade's assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$31.9 million exceeded Town liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$5.8 million by \$26.1 million as of December 31, 2018. Of this amount, \$8 million is unrestricted. \$17.9 million is invested in capital assets such as land and improvements, buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment and \$159,246 is held for emergencies in compliance with Article X of the Colorado State Constitution.
- Total revenue for the Town increased 21.48% in 2018 due to increases in special assessments and charges for service across our water and sewer enterprises. Total expenses increased by 2.55% in 2018 as compared to 2017. This resulted in an increase in the Town's net position of \$1,953,914 in 2018.
- During 2018 the Town increased current assets by 21.9% most of which is in cash and investments which significantly increases the liquidity of the town as compared to 2017. The Town reduced long term liabilities by 4.2% as compared to 2017 and further contributed to the Town's liquidity position. This means that the Town is in a better position to meet its short term financial obligations then it was in 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Palisade's basic financial statements, which are comprised of government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, fiduciary fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Palisade finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed over the past year. All changes in the Town's net position are reported when an "event" causing a change occurs, regardless of when related cash flows actually take place. As a result, some revenues and expenses, reported in this statement, will result in cash flows in future financial periods. Examples include grants, not yet reimbursed or vacation leave earned, but not used.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish activities of the Town of Palisade that are primarily supported by taxes and state or federal monies (intergovernmental activities) from activities that are intended to be funded primarily from user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works and parks, culture and recreation and cemetery. The business-type activities of the Town include water, sewer, and refuse.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been set aside for specific activities or purposes. The Town of Palisade uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Town's funds can be categorized into two fund types: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term flows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. This information is helpful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements, as readers may better understand the impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues. expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The Town of Palisade maintains five governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the *General Fund* which is considered to be a major fund.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Palisade maintains two proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer and refuse activities. The enterprise funds financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer and refuse funds, which are considered to be major funds of the Town.

Budgetary Comparisons. The Town of Palisade adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. Budget to actual comparisons for each fund are provided elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. These notes provide additional information that is necessary in gaining a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2018, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$26.1 million. The Town's net position as of December 31, 2017 was \$24.1 million.

The following table provides a summary of the Town's governmental and business-type net position as of December 31, 2018 with comparison to December 31, 2017.

Net Position

	Governmental Business-Type					
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Total	
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2018	
Assets					-	
Current Assets	\$3,302,039	\$4,728,700	\$3,468,682	\$3,521,998	\$8,250,698	
Capital Assets	8.971,659	8,979,992	13,541,859	13,600,610	22,580,602	
Net Pension Asset	508,151	747,198	-	<u>-</u>	747,198	
Total Current Assets	12,781,849	14,455,890	17,010,541	17,122,608	31,578,498	
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	344,800	287,103	-	-	287,103	
Total Assets and						
Deferred Outflows						
Of Resources	13,126,649	14,742,993	17,010,541	17,122,608	31,865,601	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities	373,741	396,346	450,666	393,091	789,437	
Long-Term Liabilities	37,221	370,310	4,643,375	4,375,968	4,375,968	
Total Liabilities	410,962	396,346	5,094,041	4,769,059	5,165,405	
Total Liabilities	110,702	370.310	3,071,011	1,107,027	2,.02,.02	
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	503,121	617,216	-	-	617,216	
Total Liabilities and						
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	914,083	1,013,562	5,094,041	4,769,059	5,782,621	
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	8.961,159	8,979,992	8,633,539	8.959.697	17,939,689	
Restricted for Emergencies	124,699	159,246	_		159,246	
_						
Unrestricted	3,126,708	4,590,193	3,282,961	3,393,852	7,984,045	
Total Net Position	\$12,212,566	\$13,729,431	\$11,916,500	\$12,353,549	\$26,082,980	

The Town of Palisade's assets and deferred outflows of resources were 5.5 times the Town's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2018. Total current assets were 10.5 times total current liabilities. The total amount of the long-term liabilities includes two water fund loans from the drinking water revolving fund disadvantaged community loan program with the Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Authority to re-

build the water treatment plant. In addition, in 2012 the Town issued \$995,000 in water revenue bonds with interest rates ranging between 2.63% and 3.00%. The bonds are special revenue obligations of the Town, payable from the net pledged water revenues derived from the Town's Water Activity Enterprise. These bonds were used to pay off two existing water fund loans with interest rates of 4.00%.

Approximately 68.8% of the Town's net position is invested in capital assets that are being used in the operation of the Town and infrastructure assets that are provided and maintained by the Town. Infrastructure assets completed before January 1, 2004, and still in place, are not included in net position. In prior years capital assets for non-proprietary funds were only shown on the combined balance sheet as the "general fixed assets" account group. These assets were not included with other assets in governmental fund type funds.

Changes in Net Position. Governmental and business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$1,953,914 in 2018. The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities for 2017 and 2018.

Changes in Net Position

		imental vities		ss-Type vities	To	otal
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1			
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$1.142.996	\$1.937.757	\$1,704.841	\$1,749,166	\$2.847.837	\$3.686.923
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	42.091	27.521	-	-	42.091	27.521
Capital Grants and						
Contributions	332.069	74.997	231.085	330.392	563.154	405,389
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	490.887	496.079	•	-	490.887	496.079
Other Taxes	2.116.771	2.694.723	-	-	2.116.771	2.694.723
Other Revenue	31.827	77.130	33.233	53.846	65.060	130.976
Total Revenues	4.156.641	5.308.207	1.969,159	2.133.404	6.125.800	7.441.611
Expenses						
General Government	1.338,926	1.388.147	-	•	1.338.926	1,388.147
Public Safety	1.424,932	1.374.790	-	-	1.424.932	1.374.790
Public Works	413,223	445.811	-	-	413.223	445,811
Culture & Recreation	467,612	511.071	-	•	467.612	511.071
Cemetery	74.298	71.523	-	-	74.298	71.523
Water	•	-	1.002.156	968.548	1.002.156	968.548
Sewer and Refuse	•	-	630.021	727.807	630,021	727.807
Total Expenses	3.718.991	3.791.342	1.632.177	1.696.355	5.351.168	5.487.697
Change in Net Position	437.650	1.516.865	336,982	437.049	774.632	1.953.914
Net Position						
Beginning of Year	11.774.916	12.212.566	11.579.518	11.916.500	23.354.434	24.129.066
End of Year	\$12,212.566	\$13,729,431	\$11,916.500	\$12.353,549	\$24,129.066	\$26,082,980

Total revenues for combined governmental and business-type activities increased 21.5% for 2018 when compared to 2017 due mainly to increased revenue for charges for service and special assessment taxes. Total combined revenues were made up of 55.4% direct program revenues and 44.6% general revenues.

- The major program revenues for governmental activities were as follows:
 - Charges for services and fees were 89.5% of program revenues. The sources of this revenue were: general government charges for services, fees, fines, etc., public safety, public works and parks, culture and recreation and cemetery.
 - Capital and operational grants were 10.5% of program revenues. These grants were received for general government operations and public works and parks.
- The general revenues for governmental activities were 44.6% of total governmental revenues. The major governmental general revenue activities were as follows:
 - ❖ Property taxes were 9.3% of total revenues and 14.4% of general revenues.
 - ❖ Sale taxes were 30.2% of total revenues and 49.1% of general revenues.
 - ♦ Other taxes were 20.5% of total revenues and 33.3% of general revenues.
- The major program revenues for business-type activities were:
 - Charges for services were 82% of total business-type activities revenues. Each business-type activity charges for the specific products and/or services for which the activity was established. The major revenues for 2018 were water service fees \$1,032,163 and sewer collection fees \$717,003.

The total expenses for combined governmental and business-type activities were made up of \$3,791,342 of expenses for governmental activities and \$1,696,355 of expenses for business-type activities. Of the total expenses, 69% were for governmental activities and 31% for business-type activities.

- The percentage of Town expenses for each type of governmental activity is:
 - ❖ 36.6% General Government
 - ❖ 36.2% Public Safety
 - ❖ 11.8% Public Works
 - ❖ 13.5% Culture and Recreation
 - ♣ 1.9% Cemetery
- The percentage of total Town expenses for each business-type activity is:
 - ❖ 57.1% Water
 - ❖ 42.9% Sewer & Refuse Collection

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As mentioned earlier. The Town of Palisade uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of 2018, the combined ending fund balances of the Town of Palisade's governmental funds were \$4,028,582. Of this amount, 92.1% is unassigned fund balance, which is available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds. Of the remaining, \$50,835 is non-spendable funds, \$41,205 is restricted for park improvements, \$159,246 is restricted for emergencies and not available for new spending, \$10,044 is assigned for marketing and \$57,287 is assigned for public safety.

The Town has one major governmental fund: The General Fund.

General Fund

The fund balance of the general fund was \$3,920,046 at December 31, 2018. Of this balance, 94.6% is unassigned. Of the remaining, \$50,835, is non-spendable funds and \$159,246, is restricted for emergencies in compliance with Title X of the Colorado constitution.

The unassigned fund balance is available for working capital and will be used for subsequent operations. Working capital is also available for immediate cash disbursements in the subsequent period.

Most of the ratios that are used in the financial analysis of business organizations provide only limited information in an analysis of a governmental type fund; however, governmental funds that are in severely bad liquidity condition can often be recognized by such an analysis. Therefore, the following items and relationships are presented for the Town of Palisade's general fund at December 31, 2018:

- 1. Working Capital (assets minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) of the General Fund was \$3,920,046. The general fund balance on the fund balance sheet is the fund's "working capital." However, a portion of the fund balance is restricted or non-spendable and may not be available for use as working capital. Therefore, the unassigned fund balance of \$3,709,965 is considered "working capital" as a measure of liquidity for the fund.
- 2. Current Ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) 8.0:1 Modified Current Ratio (current assets less property tax accrual divided by current liabilities): 23.0:1 the current ratio is used, by business organizations, to display the ability to meet currently maturing obligations.

While the analysis provided above must be combined with other information in order to develop a certain conclusion as to the liquidity and the probability of continuation of financial operations by the Town of Palisade general fund, it is also obvious that the Town's general fund level of liquidity is not deficient.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary fund statement provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail.

As of the end of 2018, the combined ending net position of the Town of Palisade's enterprise funds was \$12,353,549. Of this amount 27.5% is unrestricted net position, which is available as working capital and for current spending.

The Town has two major enterprise funds, the Water Fund and the Utility Fund. The Water Fund is used to account for water activities. The Utility Fund is used to account for sewer and solid refuse activities for the Town. At December 31, 2018, the Water Fund and the Utility Fund had total assets, which equaled 3.6 times the total liabilities. 72.5% of the funds' net position was invested in capital assets. 27.5% of the funds' net position is unrestricted and available as working capital and to be used for subsequent operations. The Utility Fund and the Water Fund are enterprise funds with a large ratio of capital assets. These funds will often require large amounts of capital outlay. This causes special cash flow needs for these funds.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's budget is prepared and approved according to Colorado statutes.

The Town of Palisade's Trustees budgeted \$3,725,196 for 2018 general fund revenues.

The Town's General Fund Budget is shown below:

	Original		Final		
	В	ıdget	Budg	get	Actual
Beginning Balance	\$	-	\$ 119	,110	\$2,573,735
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	3.	842,196	3,842	,196	5.232,581
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	3.	832,425	3,961	.306	3.886,270
Ending Balance	\$	9,771	S	-	\$3,920,046

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Town's capital assets at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table. Also see Note D in the footnotes for further detail.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation December 31, 2018

	Governmental		Busin	ess-Type		
	Activities		Activities		-	Γotal
Land -	\$	1.876,406	\$	226,126	\$	2,102,532
Water Rights				234,247		234,247
Construction in Progress		-		-		-
Swimming Pool Community Center		100,902		-		100,902
Water/Sewer System		-		13,090,352		13,090,352
Building and Improvements		3.767.464		-		3.767.464
Equipment and Furniture		281.088		49,885		330,973
Infrastructure		2,954,132		-		2.954,132
Total _		8,979,992		13,600,610		22,580,602

Business-type activities, specifically the Water Fund, currently have two notes payable and one outstanding bond issue as noted above. Debt was incurred for repair and replacement of a water line and reservoir expansion and to rebuild the water treatment plant. The total amount due at December 31, 2018 was \$4,640.913, which includes unamortized debt premiums of \$24,614. See Note E in the footnotes for further detail.

Items of Interest for 2018

Reflecting some improvement in the western slope economy, sales tax revenues increased 9.2% in 2018.
 Sales taxes are the largest single source of continuing governmental revenue for the Town. Property tax revenue for the Town, including the Palisade Rural Fire Protection District, increased 1% due to property real property valuation. We expect to see a modest increase in this revenue stream due to increasing real property values.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND CONDITIONS

As noted above, the Town continues to pursue areas of capital expansion and economic development. With the continuation of a challenging economic environment on the western slope, revenue constraints on sales and property taxes and grant funding from State sources declining, the 2018 current operating budget focused on public safety and maintenance. The 2018 capital budget included capital projects for water and sewer system improvements. Our goal of taking care of facilities and systems, infrastructure maintenance, replacing needed equipment and developing programs for new services remains a priority. The Septic elimination capital project in the utility fund was on-going throughout 2018. The Town has had some changes in staff, but the overall number of FTE's remained close to 2017 staff levels.

The Town responded to limited tax revenue increases in 2018 by continuing to monitor expenses, pursue grant funding and delaying discretionary capital projects.

Board Direction for 2019

The Palisade Board of Trustees continues to support the town mission statement that supports opportunities for agriculture, business, recreation and protecting our diverse community and our citizen's quality of life. We continue to actively seek economic development for the Town and have started to see some improvement in 2018 and continuing into 2019.

The Town will also continue to study new options for revenue to do more aggressive street maintenance, reduce our capital improvements plan to a sustainable list and continue to seek improvements in our ability to communicate with our citizens.

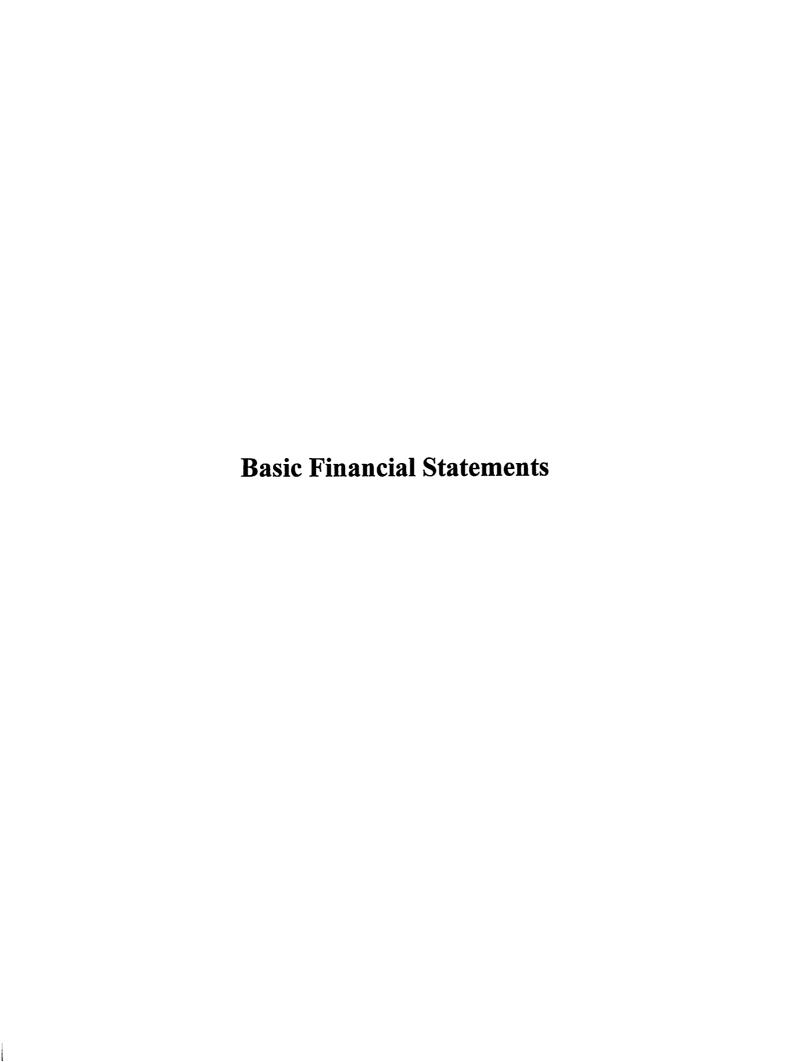
Conclusion

County sales tax revenues are continuing to grow modestly and we expect that to continue due to rate increases in county sales tax. Property tax revenues are stable but have shown some increase in property values. The 2019 budget has been held close to the same expenditures of 2018 for these reasons. We believe sales tax and property tax revenues will show some growth in 2019 and moving forward.

The economy will be monitored carefully and the Town will stand ready to respond appropriately to deteriorating revenue scenarios or outside funding opportunities.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Town of Palisade's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Town of Palisade Trustees, P.O. Box 128, Palisade, CO 81526.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2018

		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	3,404,313	\$	3,041,115	\$ 6,445,428
Property taxes receivable		513,153		-	513,153
Accounts receivable		756,358		397,794	1,154,152
Lodging tax receivable		4,041		-	4,041
Prepaid expenses		50,835		40,374	91,209
Inventory (at cost)		-		42,715	 42,715
Total current assets		4,728,700		3,521,998	8,250,698
Capital assets					
Land		1,876,406		226,126	2,102,532
Water rights		-		234,247	234,247
Infrastructure (net of depreciation)		2,954,132		-	2,954,132
Swimming pool (net of depreciation)		58,575		-	58,575
Community center (net of depreciation)		42,327		-	42,327
Sewer system (net of depreciation)		-		3,158,115	3,158,115
Water system (net of depreciation)		•		9,932,237	9,932,237
Buildings and improvements (net of depreciation)		3,767,464		-	3,767,464
Equipment and furniture (net of depreciation)		281,088		49,885	330,973
Net pension asset - cost sharing plan		129,845		-	129,845
Net pension asset - agency plan		617,353		-	 617,353
Total assets		14,455,890		17,122,608	31,578,498
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		287,103			 287,103
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		14,742,993		17,122,608	 31,865,601
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		59,365		17,471	76,836
Accrued expenses		75,946		16,115	92,061
Accrued interest		-		41,070	41,070
Unearned revenue		51,654		-	51,654
Compensated absences payable		209,381		53,490	262,871
Current portion long-term liabilities		<u> </u>		264,945	 264,945
Total current liabilities		396,346		393,091	789,437
Long-term liabilities due more than one year:					
Bonds, notes and capital leases payable				4,375,968	4,375,968
Total liabilities		396,346		4,769,059	5,165,405
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property taxes		513,153		-	513,153
Deferred inflows related to pensions		104,063			 104,063
Total deferred inflows of resources		617,216		-	617,216
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,013,562		4,769,059	 5,782,621
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		8,979,992		8,959,697	17,939,689
Restricted for emergencies		159,246		-	159,246
Unrestricted		4,590,193		3,393,852	7,984,045
Total net position	_\$	13,729,431	\$	12,353,549	\$ 26,082,980

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2018

			Pro	gram Revenu	es		N	let (expense) reve	nue	
		Charge	s	Operating		Capital		Primary Governme	ent	
		for Servi	ces	Grants and	G	rants and	Governmental	Business-type		
	Expenses	and Fee	es	Contributions	Co	ntributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Functions/Programs										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 1,388,147	\$ 1,110		\$ -	\$	3,800	\$ (273,613)		\$	(273,613)
Public safety	1,374,790	206	,563	-		-	(1,168,227)			(1,168,227)
Public works and parks	445,811	31	,219	-		71,197	(343,395)			(343,395)
Culture and recreation	511,071	540	,491	27,521		-	56,941			56,941
Cemetery	71,523	48	,750	-			(22,773)			(22,773)
Total governmental activities	3,791,342	1,937	,757	27,521		74,997	(1,751,067)			(1,751,067)
Business-type Activities:										
Water	968,548	1,032	,163	-		302,892		\$ 366,507		366,507
Sewer and refuse	727,807	717	,003			27,500		16,696		16,696
Total business-type activities	1,696,355	1,749	,166	-		330,392		383,203		383,203
Total primary government	\$ 5,487,697	\$ 3,686	,923	\$ 27,521	\$	405,389	(1,751,067)	383,203		(1,367,864)
	General reve	enues:								
	Taxes:									
	Propert	y taxes					496,079	-		496,079
	Sales ta						1,605,723	-		1,605,723
	Other						1,089,000	-		1,089,000
	Interest in	come					48,558	53,846		102,404
	Miscellan	eous					28,572	-		28,572
	Total genera	l revenues					3,267,932	53,846		3,321,778
	•	net position					1,516,865	437,049		1,953,914
	_	- beginning					12,212,566	11,916,500		24,129,066
	•	- end of year	-				\$ 13,729,431	\$ 12,353,549	\$	26,082,980

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

December 31	General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total
Assets	e 2 200 771	e 112.542	e 2.404.212
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 3,290,771	\$ 113,542	\$ 3,404,313
Fire, rescue and other (net of allowance)	113,715		113,715
Other governments	628,523	-	628,523
Franchise taxes	14,120	•	14,120
Property tax receivable	382,069	131,084	513,153
Lodging and other tax receivable	362,009	4,041	4,041
Prepaid expenses	50,835	4,041	•
Total assets	4,480,033	248,667	50,835 4,728,700
Liabilities	4,400,000	246,007	4,720,700
Accounts payable	50,318	9,047	50 265
Accrued liabilities	75,946	9,047	59,365 75,946
Unearned revenue	51,654	-	
Total liabilities	177,918	9,047	51,654 186,965
Deferred inflows of resources	177,710	7,047	100,903
Property taxes	382,069	131,084	513,153
Total deferred inflows of resources	382,069	131,084	513,153
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	559,987	140,131	700,118
Fund balances	337,701	140,131	700,118
Non-spendable	50,835	_	50,835
Restricted for emergency reserve	159,246	_	159,246
Restricted for park improvements	137,240	41,205	41,205
Assigned for marketing	_	10,044	10,044
Assigned for public safety		57,287	57,287
Unassigned	3,709,965	37,207	3,709,965
Total fund balances	\$ 3,920,046	\$ 108,536	\$ 4,028,582
	ntal fund balances (as reported above)	\$ 4,028,582
		ong-term liabilities ported in the funds.	(209,381)
Capital assets used in go resour	vernmental activition rces and are not rep		8,979,992
Net pension asset (liability) is not available soo expenditures and	n enough to pay fo therefore is not re	_	747,198
The amount by which deferred outflows of resources are grea related to pensions, both of which are not recorded			183,040
N	et position of gove	rnmental activities	\$ 13,729,431

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2018

Y ear ended Decer	General Fund	on-major vernmental Funds		Total
Revenues Taxes and special assessments	\$ 2,975,327	\$ 201,757	\$	3,177,084
License and permits	44,900	-		44,900
Intergovernmental	166,469	27,521		193,990
Fines and forfeitures	15,893	-		15,893
Charges for services	1,671,323	-		1,671,323
Interest income	46,378	2,180		48,558
Miscellaneous	166,266	 750		167,016
Total revenues	5,086,556	232,208		5,318,764
Expenditures				
Current:				1 025 700
General government	1,191,530	44,170		1,235,700
Public safety	1,387,597	15,510		1,403,107
Public works and parks	726,668	-		726,668
Culture and recreation	475,386	-		475,386
Cemetery	70,372	-		70,372
Capital outlay:	<i>(</i> 070			6,978
General government	6,978	10,028		25,357
Public works and parks	15,329 996	10,028		996
Culture and recreation	990	-		770
Debt service:	10,785	_		10,785
Principal and interest Total expenditures	 3,885,641	 69,708		3,955,349
i otai expenditures	 3,003,041	 07,700		3,700,0
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditires Other financing sources (uses)	1,200,915	162,500		1,363,415
Transfers in	146,025	629		146,654
Transfers (out)	(629)	(146,025)		(146,654)
Total other financing sources (uses)	145,396	(145,396)		-
Net change in fund balance	1,346,311	17,104		1,363,415
Fund balance, January 1	 2,573,735	 91,432		2,665,167
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 3,920,046	\$ 108,536	\$_	4,028,582

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2018

Change in fund balance from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 1,363,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital lease proceeds and principal payments as other financing sources and expenditures, respectively. However, in the statement of net position the	
proceeds and principal payments increase or reduce the liability. This is the difference between	
capital lease proceeds and principal payments during the year (\$0 - \$10,500).	10,500
Governmental funds do not report accrued compensated absences as part of expenditures.	
However, they are reported as expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount	
accrued compensated absences changed in the Statement of Net Position from the prior year.	13,234
Governmental funds report expenditures related to pension obligations measured by the amount.	
of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid to the pension plan), whereas,	
in the statement of activities, they are measured on the full accrual basis. This is the amount of the	
decrease in deferred outflows of resources (\$287,103 - \$344,800), the increase in net pension asset	
(liability) (\$747,198 - \$470,930), and the increase in deferred inflows of resources (\$104,063-\$6,875).	121,383
Governmental funds do not report capital assets and, therefore, do not report the net book value	
of capital assets and any gain or loss on their disposal.	(10,558)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities	
the cost of capital assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense. This is the amount that capital outlays were greater than depreciation in the current	
period (\$351,876 - \$332,985).	18,891
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,516,865
5	 1,510,005

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2018

					Total
	Water Fund		 Utility Fund		isiness-type
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	1,239,301	\$ 1,801,814	\$	3,041,115
Customer accounts receivable (net of allowance)		330,307	67,487		397,794
Prepaid expenses		40,136	238		40,374
Inventory (at cost)		42,715	 		42,715
Total current assets		1,652,459	1,869,539		3,521,998
Capital assets					
Land		-	226,126		226,126
Water rights		234,247	-		234,247
Sewer system (net of depreciation)		-	3,158,115		3,158,115
Water system (net of depreciation)		9,932,237	-		9,932,237
Equipment and furniture (net of depreciation)		28,095	 21,790		49,885
Total assets		11,847,038	 5,275,570		17,122,608
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		2,444	15,027		17,471
Accrued wages		9,068	7,047		16,115
Accrued interest		41,070	-		41,070
Compensated absences		34,500	18,990		53,490
Long-term liabilities - current portion		264,945			264,945
Total current liabilities		352,027	41,064		393,091
Long-term liabilities		4,375,968	-		4,375,968
Total liabilities		4,727,995	41,064		4,769,059
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		5,553,666	3,406,031		8,959,697
Unrestricted		1,565,377	1,828,475		3,393,852
Total net position	\$	7,119,043	\$ 5,234,506	\$	12,353,549

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2018

		W	/ater Fund	U	tility Fund	Bı	Total isiness-type
Operating revenues		•	1 022 162		717,003	<u> </u>	1,749,166
Charges for service	Total operating revenues		1,032,163	\$	717,003	_\$	1,749,166
Operating expenses							
Direct costs to provide service			523,013		540,412		1,063,425
Depreciation			324,239		187,395		511,634
·	Total operating expenses		847,252		727,807		1,575,059
	Operating income (loss)		184,911		(10,804)		174,107
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)) 						
Grant revenue			250,611		-		250,611
Interest income and penalties			21,948		31,898		53,846
Tap fees			52,281		27,500		79,781
Interest expense			(121,296)		<u>-</u>		(121,296)
	ating revenues (expenses)		203,544		59,398		262,942
	Change in net position		388,455		48,594		437,049
Net position, beginning			6,730,588		5,185,912		11,916,500
Net position, ending		\$	7,119,043	<u>\$</u>	5,234,506	<u>\$</u>	12,353,549

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2018

		-				Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	W	ater Fund	U	tility Fund	Bu	siness-type
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	800,142	\$	718,047	\$	1,518,189
Cash payments to employees		(213,954)		(125,364)		(339,318)
Cash payments to suppliers		(316,929)		(460,321)		(777,250)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		269,259		132,362		401,621
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Tap fees		52,281		27,500		79,781
Cash received from grantors for capital project		250,611		-		250,611
Capital asset acquisitions		(381,487)		(168,838)		(550,325)
Principal payments long-term debt		(267,407)		-		(267,407)
Interest payments on notes		(122,714)				(122,714)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(468,716)		(141,338)		(610,054)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest income		21,948		31,898_		53,846
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		21,948		31,898		53,846
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(177,509)		22,922		(154,587)
·		·				2015 762
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,430,207		1,785,555	_	3,215,762
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,252,698	\$	1,808,477	\$	3,061,175
Reconcilliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities				(10.004)	_	174 107
Operating income (loss)	\$	184,911	\$	(10,804)	\$	174,107
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by operating activities				107 205		511 624
Depreciation		324,239		187,395		511,634
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(000 001)		1.044		(230,977)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable customers		(232,021)		1,044		3,014
(Increase) decrease in inventory and prepaids		3,078		(64)		(52,217)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,094)		(45,123)		(32,217)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and		(2 05 1)		(86)		(3,940)
compensated absences		(3,854)		143,166		227,514
Total adjustments	\$	84,348 269,259	-\$	132,362	\$	401,621
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u> </u>	209,239	=	132,302		701,021

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization

The Town of Palisade, Colorado, (the Town) a statutory municipality operates under a Board of Trustees-Mayor form of government. The Town provides its residents with police protection, sewer service, water service, sanitation service, fire protection, recreation, swimming pool, streets, cemetery, and parks. The Town is governed by an elected mayor and a six member Board of Trustees.

2. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the Town, and (b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. The Town is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Town. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the Town. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

The Town's financial statements include the activities of the First Street Special Improvement District, the Palisade Downtown Improvement District, and the Palisade Rural Fire Protection District as blended component units in the General Fund and governmental activities. The Districts do not issue separate financial statements.

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and user charges for support. The Town has no discretely presented component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government except for those required to be reported in another fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the water treatment and distribution system.

The Utility Fund accounts for the sewage treatment and collection system and refuse collection.

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major fund types:

The Tourism Special Revenue Fund accounts for lodging tax received and used for tourism based marketing of the Town.

The Conservation Trust Fund accounts for the proceeds of lottery funds received from the State of Colorado.

The Palisade Rural Fire Protection District Fund accounts for property tax received and used for fire protection provided by volunteers for the Town.

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for grant revenues and purchase costs to create a sport shooting and educational facility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, sewer and refuse functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the Town's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Town's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

5. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Risk Management

The Town is one of several local governments that are members of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA). CIRSA is an organization created by an intergovernmental agreement in 1982 solely to provide property and casualty coverage to its members. Coverage is provided through pooling of self-insured losses and the purchase of stop-loss insurance coverage. CIRSA is governed by a seven-member board elected by and from its members. The governing board is autonomous as to budgeting and fiscal matters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the assets estimated useful lives, as follows:

Water distribution and collection system	10 – 60 years
Sewer collection and treatment system	10-50 years
Buildings and building improvements	10 – 100 years
Swimming pool	15-40 years
Equipment and furniture	5 – 20 years

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

9. Receivables and Payables

The Town has no interfund loans. Balances outstanding between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Emergency service receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Property tax, Water Fund and Utility Fund accounts receivable do not have an allowance for uncollectible accounts as the receivables are considered to be fully collectible.

10. Inventory

Inventory consists of supplies and materials for the Water Fund. Inventory is recorded at cost using the first-in first-out method.

11. Compensated Absences

Full-time employees accrue twelve (12) to twenty-four (24) vacation days per year depending on years of service. Accrued and unpaid vacation earned is paid upon termination and is recognized as a current liability in all of the funds. Accrued sick leave is not accrued as it is only payable upon termination by direction of the Board of Trustees.

12. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

13. Seized Funds

The Town received \$0 in 2018 from the seizure of contraband (seized funds) under the Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act. The act requires that seized funds be used for law enforcement activities.

14. Fund Equity and Fund Balances

The Town has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," which provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints. Note that not all of these classifications may be used in a given year.

- Non-spendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the Town's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.
- *Unassigned fund balance* The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The Town will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

15. Property Taxes

Property taxes are certified by the Board of Trustees and collected by Mesa County. Property taxes are remitted to the Town by the 10th day of the month following collection. Property taxes receivable represents 2018 taxes that will be collected in 2019.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the year in which they are payable. Taxes are payable either in full on or before April 30 or one half on or before February 28 and the remaining half on or before June 15.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

16. Pensions

The Town participates in the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The Town also participates in the Palisade Volunteer Fire Department Pension Fund (PVFDP), an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), also administered by FPPA, which represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The net pension liabilities or assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the pensions have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE B – BUDGETS

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except fiduciary funds, of the Town. The Treasurer submits a proposed operating budget for the following calendar year to the Board of Trustees prior to October 15 of each year. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the anticipated revenues. As required by statute, public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen's comments. Prior to the levy of property tax, the budget is legally adopted through the passage of a budget adoption and appropriation resolution no later than December 31. There were supplemental appropriations made during 2018.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2018, the Town's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$1,208,083 of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$958,083 was collateralized.

At December 31, 2018 the Town's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	3,400
Demand accounts		1,086,299
Total cash and equivalents	<u>\$</u>	1,089,699

Colorado state statutes authorize the Town to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agencies, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the Town in its name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The Town has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure (GASB 40). GASB 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks including credit risk, custodial risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's deposits are either covered by depository insurance or are collateralized under the Colorado Public Deposits Protection Act and are therefore not deemed to be exposed to custodial credit risk. The Town's investments are not deemed to be exposed to custodial credit risk because they are held by the Town or by the Town's custody agent in the Town's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Town places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Town also places money in public entity cash investment pools authorized by Colorado statutes. On December 31, 2018 the Town had \$3,882,158 and \$1,473,571, respectively, invested in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) and C-SAFE, investment vehicles established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. COLOTRUST and C-SAFE consist of U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. Government Agency Securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, and Commercial Paper. Designated custodial banks provide safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST and C-SAFE in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of COLOTRUST and C-SAFE. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST and C-SAFE are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial banks. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST and C-SAFE.

The State of Colorado's Division of Securities is responsible for regulatory oversight for these pools. These pools are not required to and are not registered with the SEC. COLOTRUST funds carry a Standard & Poors AAAm rating. C-SAFE is also rated AAAm by Standard and Poors.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles and GASB Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

COLOTRUST and C-SAFE each operate like a 2a-7 external investment pool and investments in the pool are valued at \$1 net asset value (NAV) per share. The underlying investments held by COLOTRUST are valued at fair market value. The underlying investments held by C-SAFE, and the Town's investment in CSAFE, are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value. There are no limitations on withdrawals.

At December 31, 2018 the Town's investments consisted of the following:

COLOTRUST	\$3,882,158
C-SAFE	1,473,571
Total investments	\$5,355,729

Reconciliation of cash and investments to statement of net position:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,089,699
Investments	5,355,729
Total cash and investments	\$6,445,428

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of activity in the capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018:

Governmental activities:	Balance 01/01/18	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustments	Balance 12/31/18
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,873,964	\$ 13,000	<u>\$ (10,558)</u>	<u>\$ 1.876,406</u>
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	<u>1,873,964</u>	13,000	(10,558)	<u>1,876,406</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	3,896,609	298,783	-	4,195,392
Swimming pool	517,939	-	-	517,939
Community Center	649,645	-	-	649,645
Buildings and improvements	8,917,438	15,610	-	8,933,048
Equipment and furniture	1,608,093	<u>24,483</u>	-	1.632,576
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	15,589,724	338,876	-	15,928,600
Less accumulated depreciation				
Infrastructure	1,095,470	145,790	-	1,241,260
Swimming pool	447,361	12,003	-	459,364
Community Center	594,652	12,666	-	607,318
Buildings and improvements	5,063,303	102,281	-	5,165,584
Equipment and furniture	1,291,243	60,245	-	1,351,488
Total accumulated depreciation	8,492,029	332,985		8,825,014
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	7,097,695	5,891	-	7,103,586
Governmental activities capital	.,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
assets, net	<u>\$ 8,971,659</u>	<u>\$ 18,891</u>	<u>\$ (10,558)</u>	<u>\$ 8,979,992</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-type activities:	Balance 01/01/18				Deletions/ Adjustments		Balance 12/31/18	
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	226,126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	226,126
Water rights		197,811		36,436		-		234,247
Construction in progress		20,060				(20,060)		-
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		443,997		36,436		(20,060)		460,373
Capital assets being depreciated		•						
Water system	1	6,667,085		371,845		-	1	7,038,930
Utility system		5,526,713		182,164		-		5,708,877
Equipment and furniture – Utility		327,463		-		-		327,463
Equipment and furniture – Water		354,956		_		_		354,956
Total capital assets	-			· ·		_		
being depreciated	2	2,876,217		554,009		-	2	3,430,226
Less accumulated depreciation								
Water system		6,794,688		312,005		-		7,106,693
Utility system		2,369,033		181,729		-		2,550,762
Equipment and furniture - Utility		300,007		5,666		-		305,673
Equipment and furniture - Water		314,627		12,234				326,861
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being		9,778,355		511,634		<u>-</u>	_1	0.289,989
depreciated, net Business-type activities capital	_1	3,097,862		42,375		-	_1	3,140,237
assets, net	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>3,541,859</u>	<u>\$</u>	78,811	<u>\$</u>	(20,060)	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>3,600,610</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Total depreciation expense-governmental activities

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 66,360
Public safety	82,936
Public works and parks	1,824
Recreation and culture	86,644
Cemetery	1,214
Infrastructure	 94,007

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

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Water utility	\$	324,239
Sewer utility		187,395
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	511,634

NOTE E – LONG-TERM DEBT

In 2006, the Town borrowed \$2,000,000 from the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority Revolving Loan Fund as part of its disadvantaged Communities Program. The Note is interest free and requires annual payments of \$66,667 through 2036. The Town pledged Water revenues as collateral on this debt.

The following is a summary of note principal and interest requirements:

Year		Principal		Principal Interest		 Total
2019		\$	66,667	\$	_	\$ 66,667
2020			66,667		_	66,667
2021			66,667		_	66,667
2022			66,667		_	66,667
2023			66,666		_	66,666
2024-2028			333,333		_	333,333
2029-2033			333,333		_	333,333
2034-2036			200,000		_	200,000
	Total	\$ 1	1,200,000	\$		\$ 1,200,000

In 2006, the Town borrowed \$3,976,045 from the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority Revolving Loan Fund (CWRPD). The note has an interest rate of 3.47% with annual payments due through 2028. The Town pledged Water revenues as collateral on this debt. In February 2019 refunded certain bonds associated with this debt. The savings will be passed through as payment credits and will total \$192,261. Credits will apply first to loan interest and then principal.

The following is a summary of note principal and interest requirements:

Year		Principal		incipal Interest		 Total
2019		\$	148,278	\$	61,259	\$ 209,537
2020			153,770		57,987	211,757
2021			197,704		54,489	252,193
2022			208,687		48,552	257,239
2023			269,097		42,285	311,382
2024-2028			1,493,763		145,965	 1,639,728
	Total	\$	2,471,299	\$	410,537	\$ 2,881,836

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

In 2012, the Town issued \$995,000 in water revenue bonds with interest rates ranging between 2.63% and 3.0%. The bonds are special revenue obligations of the Town, payable out of the net pledged water revenues derived from the Town's Water Activity Enterprise. The bonds constitute an irrevocable, non-exclusive first lien on the net pledged water revenues.

The following is a summary of revenue bonds principal and interest requirements:

Year		P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2019		\$	50,000	\$	27,506	\$	77,506
2020			50,000		26,006		76,006
2021			60,000		24,506		84,506
2022			75,000		22,706		97,706
2023			80,000		20,737		100,737
2024-2028			170,000		83,288		253,288
2029-2030			460,000		21,900		481,900
	Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>226,649</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,171,649</u>

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Balance 01/01/18	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/18
Governmental Activities: Lease payable	<u>\$ 10,500</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (10,500)</u>	<u>\$</u>
Business-type Activities				
Notes payable	\$ 3,886,243	\$ -	\$ (214,944)	\$ 3,671,299
Bonds payable	995,000	_	(50,000)	945,000
Notes premium	27,076		(2,462)	24,614
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 4,908,319</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (267,406)</u>	<u>\$ 4,640,913</u>

NOTE F - LEASES

The Town entered a 10-year operating lease for solar panels for the water treatment facility. The lease requires monthly payments of \$1,812 beginning in June of 2013. The monthly payments are offset by solar credits the Town receives for using the solar panels. Total lease expense under this lease during 2018 was \$23,128, which was offset by \$12,693 in solar credits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE F - LEASES - CONTINUED

Future minimum lease payments under the operating lease for the years following December 31, 2018, without regard to future solar credits, are as follows:

<u>Year</u>		
2019	\$	21,744
2020		21,744
2021		21,744
2022		21,744
2023		8,912
Total	<u>\$</u>	95,888

On January 14, 2015, the town entered into a 4-year operating lease for a copier. The lease requires monthly payments of \$496 beginning in February of 2015.

Future minimum lease payments under the operating lease for the years following December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Year	
2019	\$ 496
Total	\$ 496

NOTE G – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – FIRE AND POLICE PENSION

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Association. The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries. Death and disability coverage is provided for members through the Statewide Death and Disability Plan which is also administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association. This is a non-contributory plan. All full-time, paid police officers/firefighters of the Town are members of the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. Title 31, Article 30 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, assigns the authority to establish benefit provision to the state legislature. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for both the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Benefits Provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - FIRE AND POLICE PENSION - CONTINUED

The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. The SWDB sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership.

Members of the SWDB and their employers are contributing at the rate of 9.5 percent and 8 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 17.5 percent in 2017. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB beginning in 2015.

Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 20 percent in 2022.

Contributions from members and employers of departments re-entering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The re-entry group has a combined contribution rate of 21.5 percent of base salary in 2017. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. Per the 2014 member election, the re-entry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2022.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 4.75 percent and 4 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 8.75 percent in 2017. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group will have their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 4 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 10 percent in 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - FIRE AND POLICE PENSION - CONTINUED

Employer contributions are recognized by the SWDB in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Town is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SWDB. Employer contributions recognized by the SWDB from the Town were \$48,441 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Pension Liability/(Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported an asset of \$129,845, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the collective total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) is based upon an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018. The collective total pension asset as of December 31, 2018 is based upon an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. The Town proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on the Town's contributions to the SWDB for the calendar year 2018 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB.

At December 31, 2017, the Town's proportion was .090254%, which was a decrease of .012756 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$(45,544). At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 93,637	\$ 1,439
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		·
on pension plan investments	_	_
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	19,563	44,087
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions recognized and proportionate share		
of contributions	30,202	4,982
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	48,441	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 191,843	\$ 50,508

\$48,441 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - FIRE AND POLICE PENSION - CONTINUED

Year ended December 31:	
2019	18,264
2020	16,256
2021	(2,482)
2022	(9,431)
2023	16,674
Thereafter	51,674

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the SWDB were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. The valuations used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Long-term investment Rate of Return*	7.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases*	4.0% - 14%
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%
*Includes Inflation at	2.5%

Effective January 1, 2016, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees is a blend of the Annuitant and Employee RP-2014 generational mortality tables with blue collar adjustment projected with Scale BB. The occupationally disabled post-retirement mortality assumption uses the same table as used for healthy annuitants, except there is a three year set-forward, meaning a disabled member age 70 will be valued as if they were a 73 year old healthy retiree. The totally disabled post-retirement mortality assumption uses the RP-2014 generational mortality tables for disabled annuitants, except an additional provision to apply a minimum 3% mortality probability to males and 2% mortality probability for females is included to reflect substantial impairment for this population. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 55% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - FIRE AND POLICE PENSION - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	37%	8.33%
Equity Long/Short	9%	7.15%
Illiquid Alternatives	24%	9.70%
Fixed Income	15%	3.00%
Absolute Return	9%	6.46%
Managed Futures	4%	6.85%
Cash	2%	2.26%
Total	100%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.31% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the Town's proportionate share of the SWDB net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$141,363	\$(129,845)	\$(355,590)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE G – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – FIRE AND POLICE PENSION – CONTINUED

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the SWDB's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at http://www.fppaco.org/toc frames.html.

NOTE H - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - VOLUNTEER PENSION

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Palisade Volunteer Fire Department Pension Fund (PVFDP), an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association (FPPA). The PERS represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The pension plans have elected to affiliate with FPPA for plan administration and investment only. FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org. For the measurement period ending December 31, 2017, the PVFDP included membership of 14 retirees and beneficiaries, 3 inactive, non-retired members, and 42 active members for a total of 59 members.

Benefits Provided.

Normal Retirement

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty years of credited service and has attained the age of 50. The monthly regular retirement benefit is \$300. A supplemental monthly pension payment to a volunteer who has attained the age of 50 years and who has been in active service in excess of 20 years can receive an extended service amount up to 5% of the monthly pension amount per additional year of service. The amount cannot exceed a maximum of ten additional years.

Vested Retirement

A member with 10 or more but less than 20 years of service is eligible to receive a benefit of \$15 per month times the number of vesting years.

Disability Retirement Benefit

A member is eligible for short and long term disability for injuries in the line of duty. Short term payments of \$150 per month last for a maximum of one year. Long term disability is a lifetime amount after one year of service of \$300 per month.

Survivor Benefits

Survivor benefits are available at one-half of the amount of the normal retirement pension, or \$150 per month. This amount is available to a survivor following death after normal retirement, following death in the line of duty as a volunteer firefighter before retirement eligible, and following death after disability retirement. An additional amount of \$7.50 per month is available following death after normal retirement with extended service amount per year of service and following death after vested retirement with 10 to 20 years of service per year of service. Survivors may include spouse, child under 18 years of age, or dependent parent. This annuity shall cease if the surviving spouse or dependent parent remarries and dissolution of a subsequent marriage does not reinstate the annuity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE H – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – VOLUNTEER PENSION – CONTINUED

Whenever the pension board increases the retirement pension payable to volunteer firefighters, that increase will also be applied to the pension benefits of survivors of firefighters killed in the line of duty.

Funeral Benefits

A one-time funeral benefit is paid of \$100 in the event of a death of a member.

Contributions. The Town contributes from proceeds of a property tax mill levy. The Plan is construed and enforced in accordance with Colorado Revised Statute Title 31, Article 30. Per CRS 31-30-1112, State contributions to any municipality or district must equal ninety percent of all amounts contributed by the municipality or district under section 31-30-1110 in the previous year, but, notwithstanding any other provision of this part 11, the state contribution shall not exceed one-half mill on the previous net valuation for assessment of the municipality or district assuming one hundred percent collection. For 2018 the Town contributed \$19,775 and the state's matching contribution was \$16,024.

Pension Liabilities/(Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported a net pension liability/(asset) of \$(617,353). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$(7,312). At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	ı	Deferred Outflows	Deterred Inflows
		of Resources	 of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	33,484	\$ 53,555
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		8,554	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		33,447	_
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19,775	
Total	\$	95,260	\$ 53,555

\$19,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE H – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – VOLUNTEER PENSION – CONTINUED

Year ended December 31:	
2019	17,142
2020	14,264
2021	(979)
2022	(8,497)
2023	_

Actuarial Assumptions. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of odd numbered years. The contribution rates have a one-year lag, so the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 determines the contribution amounts for 2017 and 2018. The valuation used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Dollar, Open*

Amortization Period 20 Years*

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed fair value

Inflation 3.0%
Investment Rate of Return 7.5%
Projected Salary Increases N/A

Retirement Age 50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65

Mortality Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue

Collar Adjustment, 40% multiplier for off-duty mortality.

Post retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with Blue

Collar Adjustment

Disabled: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table

All tables projected with Scale AA

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

^{*} Plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE H – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – VOLUNTEER PENSION – CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.0%	2.26%*
Fixed Income	15.0%	3.00%
Absolute Return	9.0%	6.46%
Long Short	9.0%	7.15%
Global Public Equity	37.0%	8.33%
Managed Futures	4.0%	6.85%
Private Capital	24.0%	9.70%
Total	100.0%	

^{*}While expected inflation exceeds the expected rate of return for cash, a 0.0% real rate of return is utilized.

Discount Rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the PVFDP's net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the PVFDP's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$(549,562)	\$(617,353)	\$(671,452)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE H - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - VOLUNTEER PENSION - CONTINUED

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios Current Period – Measurement Period Ended December 31, 2017

A	A. Total pension liability	
	1. Service Cost	\$ 19,995
	2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	33,259
	3. Benefit payments	(59,176)
	4. Net change in total pension liability	(5,922)
	5. Total pension liability – beginning	462,686
	6. Total pension liability – ending	\$ 456,764
В	3. Plan fiduciary net position	
	1. Contributions – employer	\$ 17,804
	2. Net investment income	138,461
	3. Benefit payments	(59,176)
	4. Pension plan administrative expense	(12,188)
	5. State of Colorado supplemental discretionary payment	18,379
	6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	103,280
	7. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning (Market value of assets at beginning of year)	970,837
	8. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (Market value of assets at end of year)	<u>\$1,074,117</u>
C	C. Net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$(617,353)</u>
D	. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	235.16%
E	. Covered employee payroll	N/A
F	. Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A

NOTE I – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Town participates in a defined contribution plan administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA Retirement.) Plan provisions are established or amended by Town Council resolution. The Town and participants are required to contribute 5% each of annual covered payroll. For the year ended December 31, 2018, actual contributions by the Town and plan participants were \$43,083 each.

ICMA Retirement includes all full time employees after one year of service, except police and fire employees. Participants vest at 20% per year and are entitled to 100 percent of vested contributions. The plan is a money purchase plan qualified under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE J - CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The total accounts receivable for rescue fees at December 31, 2018 was \$146,899 with an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$33,184 for a net of \$113,715. The allowance is estimated based on the past collection rate of the rescue fee revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town pays an annual premium to CIRSA Property/Casualty and Workers' Compensation for its general and workmen's' compensation insurance coverage.

The agreement with CIRSA members provides that CIRSA will be self-sustaining through member premiums. CIRSA rate-setting policies are established by the Board of Directors, in consultation with independent actuaries. The Board of Directors may credit member municipalities' future contributions in the event of a surplus. Although it has never occurred, CIRSA member municipalities are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of a deficiency.

NOTE L – TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the Town has made certain interpretations of the amendments language in order to determine its compliance. The amendment also requires 3% emergency reserve to be set up on all Town expenditures covered by the amendment. The Town has set this required emergency reserve for all amendment expenditures in the General Fund Balance under Emergency Reserve.

NOTE M – LAND TRANSFER

In 2016 the Town purchased land for the Cameo Shooting Sports Complex for \$1.3 million using grant funds received from the State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs (DOLA). The Town subsequently entered a lease agreement to lease the land to the State of Colorado Department of Natural Resources who will build and operate the Shooting Complex on the land. The lease agreement states that when the State has spent \$1.5 million on the project, which did not happen during 2018, the land ownership will transfer to the State. However, the DOLA grant requires that the land be held by the Town for 10 years from the purchase date. Therefore, \$1.3 million in land currently showing as a Town asset will transfer to the State of Colorado in the future, although the timing of the transfer is uncertain.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues	e 271.660	6 271.660	f 271.656	e (12)	
Taxes - property Taxes - other	\$ 371,669	\$ 371,669	\$ 371,656	\$ (13)	
	2,608,327	2,608,327	2,603,671	(4,656)	
Cemetery revenue	37,500	37,500	48,750	11,250	
Swimming pool	43,000	43,000	46,108	3,108	
Community Center	229,500	229,500	286,695	57,195	
Licenses and permits	51,600	51,600	44,900	(6,700)	
Intergovernmental	77,700	77,700	166,469	88,769	
Fines and forfeitures	19,000	19,000	15,893	(3,107)	
Charges for services	224,800	224,800	1,289,770	1,064,970	
Interest income	11,500	11,500	46,378	34,878	
Miscellaneous	50,600	50,600	166,266	115,666	
Total revenues	3,725,196	3,725,196	5,086,556	1,361,360	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	1,197,572	1,244,202	1,191,530	52,672	
Public safety	1,370,739	1,406,149	1,387,597	18,552	
Public works and parks	701,558	714,558	726,668	(12,110)	
Culture and recreation	458,247	492,088	475,386	16,702	
Cemetery	69,924	69,924	70,372	(448)	
Capital outlay:					
General government	6,000	6,000	6,978	(978)	
Public works and parks	16,600	16,600	15,329	1,271	
Culture and recreation	1,000	1,000	996	4	
Debt service:					
Principal and interest	10,785	10,785	10,785		
Total expenditures	3,832,425	3,961,306	3,885,641	75,665	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(107,229)	(236,110)	1,200,915	1,437,025	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	117,000	117,000	146,025	29,025	
Transfers (out)			(629)	(629)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	117,000	117,000	145,396	28,396	
Net change in fund balance	9,771	(119,110)	1,346,311	1,465,421	
Fund balance, January 1		119,110	2,573,735	2,454,625	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 9,771	\$ -	\$ 3,920,046	\$ 3,920,046	

SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) - FPPA STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

December 31, 2018

	Employer proportion of NPL/NPA	pro	share of NPL cover		Employer covered payroll	Employer proportionate share of NPL (NPA) as a percentage of covered payroll	Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability
Measurement date:							
December 31, 2017	0.09025%	\$	(129,845)	\$	548,988	-24%	106%
December 31, 2016	0.10301%		37,221		549,963	7%	98%
December 31, 2015	0.11287%		(1,990)		521,562	0%	100%
December 31, 2014	0.10999%		(124,129)		494,615	-25%	107%

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - FPPA STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

December 31, 2018

	eı	equired nployer ntribution	con reco	Employer contributions recognized by the plan Differ		rence	(mployer covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of employer covered payroll
December 31, 2018	\$	48,441	\$	48,441	\$	-	\$	605,513	8%
December 31, 2017		43,919		43,919		-		548,988	8%
December 31, 2016		43,997		43,997		-		549,963	8%
December 31, 2015		41,725		41,725		-		521,562	8%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Note 1: Factors that Significantly Affect Trends in the Amounts Reported

There were no changes in benefit terms, size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms or assumptions used that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Note 2: Subsequent Event

The FPPA Board completed an actuarial experience study and approved changes to the actuarial assumptions effective January 1, 2019. The inflation assumption will remain at 2.5%. The investment return assumption will be reduced from 7.5% to 7.0% which will increase the cost of pension benefits. The change in the investment return assumption reflects the reduced real return expectations from recent capital market data.

SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) - VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION FUND

December 31, 2018

	Total pension liability	Plan fiduciary net position	Net pension liability/ (asset)	Plans fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	Covered- employee payroll	Net pension liability as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll
Measurement date:						
December 31, 2017	\$ 456,764	\$ 1,074,117	\$ (617,353)	235%	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2016	462,686	970,837	(508,151)	210%	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2015	405,419	910,862	(505,443)	225%	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2014	418,045	929,006	(510,961)	222%	N/A	N/A

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) - VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION FUND

December 31, 2018

Measurement period ending December 31,	2017		 2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	19,995	\$ 16,840	\$	16,840	\$	4,715
Interest on the total pension liability		33,259	29,667		29,791		7,906
Benefit changes		-	-		-		284,549
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	34,342		-		37,526
Changes of assumptions		-	13,344		-		-
Benefit payments		(59,176)	(36,926)		(59,257)		(38,794)
Net change in total pension liability		(5,922)	57,267		(12,626)		295,902
Total pension liability - beginning		462,686	405,419		418,045		122,143
Total pension liability - ending	\$	456,764	\$ 462,686	\$	405,419	\$	418,045
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer contributions	\$	17,804	\$ 30,597	\$	10,465	\$	19,399
Pension plan net investment income		138,461	49,455		16,931		58,804
Benefit payments		(59,176)	(36,926)		(59,257)		(38,794)
Pension plan administrative expense		(12,188)	(1,728)		(3,743)		(1,739)
State of Colorado supplemental discretionary payment		18,379	18,577		17,460	_	17,754
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		103,280	59,975		(18,144)		55,424
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		970,837	910,862		929,006		873,582
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	1,074,117	\$ 970,837	\$	910,862	\$	929,006
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending	\$	(617,353)	\$ (508,151)	\$	(505,443)	\$	(510,961)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Tota Pension Liability	•	235%	210%		225%		222%
Covered Employee Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered		1.771					
Employee Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Employee rayron		,					

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION FUND

December 31, 2018

	deter	arially mined bution	con	mployer tributions ognized by he plan	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Employer covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of employer covered payroll
December 31, 2018	\$	-	\$	19,775	\$	(19,775)	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2017		-		17,804		(17,804)	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2016		-		30,597		(30,597)	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2015		-		10,465		(10,465)	N/A	N/A

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION FUND

Note 1: Factors that Significantly Affect Trends in the Amounts Reported

There were no changes in benefit terms, size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms, or assumptions used that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Note 2: Significant Methods and Assumptions Used in Actuarially Determined Calculations

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of odd

numbered years. The contribution rates have a one-year lag, so the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015 determines the contribution amounts for 2016 and

2017

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Open*

Remaining Amortization Period 20 Years*

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed fair value

Inflation 3.00%
Investment Rate of Return 7.50%
Projected Salary Increases N/A

Retirement Age 50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65

Mortality Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment,

40% multiplier for off-duty mortality.

Post retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment

Disabled: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table

All tables projected with Scale AA

* plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Tourism Fund		Conservation Trust Fund		Palisade Rural Fire Protection District			Total
Assets					•	56.200	_	112 542
Cash and investments	\$	16,037	\$	41,205	\$	56,300	\$	113,542
Property tax receivable		-		-		131,084		131,084
Lodging and other tax receivable		3,054		-		987		4,041
Total assets		19,091		41,205		188,371		248,667
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		9,047				-		9,047
Total liabilities		9,047		-		-		9,047
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes		-		- _		131,084		131,084
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		131,084		131,084
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		9,047		-		131,084		140,131
Fund balances								
Restricted for park improvements		-		41,205		-		41,205
Assigned for marketing		10,044		-		-		10,044
Assigned for public safety		-		-		57,287		57,287
Total fund balances	\$	10,044	\$	41,205	\$	57,287	\$	108,536

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Revenues	Tourism Fund	Conservation Trust Fund	Palisade Rural Fire Protection District	Capital Improvement Fund	Total
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 45,077	s -	\$ 156,680	c	\$ 201.757
Intergovernmental	\$ 43,077	27,521	\$ 156,680	\$ -	\$ 201,757 27,521
Interest income	_	27,321	2,180	-	2,180
Miscellaneous	_	_	750	_	750
Total revenues	45,077	27,521	159,610	-	232,208
Expenditures Current:					
General government	44,170	-	-	-	44,170
Public safety	-	-	15,510	-	15,510
Capital outlay:					ŕ
Park improvements		10,028		-	10,028
Total expenditures	44,170	10,028	15,510		69,708
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	907	17,493	144,100	-	162,500
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	629	629
Transfers in (out)			(146,025)		(146,025)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	-	-	(146,025)	629	(145,396)
Net change in fund balance	907	17,493	(1,925)	629	17,104
Fund balance, January 1	9,137	23,712	59,212	(629)	91,432
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 10,044	\$ 41,205	\$ 57,287	\$ -	\$ 108,536

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

i cai chuc	a Decen	1001 51, 20	10			
		iginal and nal Budget	A	ctual	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues	•					
Intergovernmental	\$	680,485	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(680,485)
Total revenues		680,485		-	•	(680,485)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay:						
Culture and recreation		680,485				680,485
Total expenditures		680,485		-		680,485
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in				629		629
Net change in fund balance		-		629		629
Fund balance, January 1		-		(629)		(629)
Fund balance, December 31	\$	•	\$	-	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Revenues		Original Budget		al Budget	 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Lodging taxes	\$	37,500	\$	37,500	\$ 45,077	\$	7,577
Expenditures Marketing		44,000		47,000	 44,170		2,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,500)		(9,500)	907		10,407
Fund balance, January 1		6,500		9,500	 9,137		(363)
Fund balance, December 31	\$	-	\$		\$ 10,044	\$	10,044

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

		ginal and al Budget	 Actual	Fa	ariance vorable favorable)
Revenues Lottery funds		\$ 25,300	\$ 27,521	\$	2,221
Bottery railes	Total revenues	 25,300	 27,521		2,221
Expenditures Park improvements	Total expenditures	 25,300 25,300	 10,028 10,028		15,272 15,272
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	17,493		17,493
Fund balance, January 1		 	 23,712		23,712
Fund balance, Decembert 31		\$ <u> </u>	\$ 41,205	\$	41,205

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PALISADE RURAL FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Revenues			iginal and nal Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Taxes - property		\$	124,523	\$	124,423	\$	(100)
Taxes - other		Ψ	15,000	Þ	32,257	Ð	17,257
Interest income			1,000		2,180		1,180
Grant revenue			50,000		-		(50,000)
Miscellaneous income			750		750		-
	Total revenues		191,273		159,610		(31,663)
Expenditures			·		,		, , ,
Public safety			21,965		15,510		6,455
Capital outlay			50,000		-		50,000
Contingency			4,000		-		4,000
	Total expenditures		75,965		15,510		60,455
Other financing sources (uses)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		115,308		144,100		28,792
Transfers out			(115,000)		(146,025)		(31,025)
	Net change in fund balance		308		(1,925)		(2,233)
Fund balance, January 1			56,580		59,212		2,632
Fund balance, December 31		<u>\$</u>	56,888	<u>s</u>	57,287	\$	399

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - WATER FUND

Davanua	Original	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	6 1001000			
Charges for service	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 1,032,163	\$ 28,163
Tap fees	10,725	10,725	52,281	41,556
Grant revenue	-	-	250,611	250,611
Interest income, penalties, and miscellaneous	9,500	9,500	21,948	12,448
Total revenues	1,024,225	1,024,225	1,357,003	332,778
Expenses				
Operating expenses	587,335	650,927	512,952	137,975
Debt service payments	390,121	390,121	386,241	3,880
Capital outlay	228,102	378,102	404,945	(26,843)
Total expenditures	1,205,558	1,419,150	1,304,138	115,012
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (181,333)	\$ (394,925)	52,865	\$ 447,790
Reconcilation of change in net position				
Adjustments to GAAP basis:				
Depreciation			(324,239)	
Capitalized capital outlay			394,884	
Debt service principal payments			264,945	
Change in net position			\$ 388,455	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - UTILITY FUND

	riginal and nal Budget		Actual	Fa	'ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues		•	515 003	•	22.702
Charges for service	\$ 694,300	\$	717,003	\$	22,703
Tap fees	-		27,500		27,500
Interest income and miscellaneous	 12,675		31,898_		19,223
Total revenues	 706,975		776,401		69,426
Expenses					
Operating expenses	798,274		483,984		314,290
Capital outlay	160,000		231,929		(71,929)
Total expenditures	958,274		715,913		242,361
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	 (251,299)		60,488	\$	311,787
Reconcilation of change in net position Adjustments to GAAP basis:					
Capitalized capital outlay			175,501		
Depreciation			(187,395)		
Change in net position		\$	48,594		

				City or County: Palisade				
	LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING :				
	LOCAL MOTOR I	INANCE REPORT		December 2018				
This Information From Th	e Records Of (example -	City of or County of	Prepared By:	Travis Boyd	_			
Town of Palisade		W 10-2	Phone:	970-464-5602				
I DISPOSITIO	ON OF HIGHWAY-USE	D DEVENUES AVAI	LABLE FOR LOCAL	COVEDNMENT EVE	ENDITUDE			
i. Distositio	A OF HIGHWAI-USE	K KEVENUES AVAI	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EAP	ENDITURE			
		A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from			
ITE	M	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway			
1 7 1 1 1 1		Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration			
Total receipts available Minus amount used for	anliantian average							
Minus amount used for Minus amount used for								
Minus amount used for Minus amount used for								
5. Remainder used for hig								
II. RECEIPTS FO	OR ROAD AND STREE	ET PURPOSES	III. DI	SBURSEMENTS FOR	ROAD			
				ND STREET PURPOS				
ITE		AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT			
A. Receipts from local so			A. Local highway dis					
Local highway-user			Capital outlay (f	rom page 2)	0			
a. Motor Fuel (from			2. Maintenance:		439.490			
b. Motor Vehicle (fi	om Item LB.5.)		3. Road and street:					
2. General fund approp	riations	518,949	a. Traffic control b. Snow and ice					
Other local imposts (from page 2)	54.641	c. Other	TCHIOVAL				
Miscellaneous local		11.454	d. Total (a. thro	0				
Transfers from toll fa		1.1.10.1	General adminis	87.329				
6. Proceeds of sale of b			5. Highway law en	154.817				
a. Bonds - Original		X	6. Total (1 through		681,636			
 b. Bonds - Refundin 	g Issues		B. Debt service on lo					
c. Notes			1. Bonds:					
 d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest					
7. Total (1 through 6)		585,044	b. Redemption					
B. Private Contributions			c. Total (a. + b.)	0				
C. Receipts from State go	overnment	96,592	2. Notes:					
(from page 2) D. Receipts from Federal	Covernment	90,392	a. Interest b. Redemption					
(from page 2)	Government	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		0			
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B	B + C + D	681,636	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)		0			
			C. Payments to State					
			D. Payments to toll fa					
			E. Total disbursemen	ts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	681.636			
	1)	. LOCAL HIGHWA						
		(Show all entri		Dadama'aaa	Clasias Dala			
A Pands (Total)		Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt 0			
A. Bonds (Total) 1. Bonds (Refunding)	Portion)	The second second						
B. Notes (Total)	i Ortion)				0			
	V. LOC	CAL ROAD AND STR	EET FUND BALANC	E				
	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation						
	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts 681.636	C. Total Disbursements 681.636	D. Ending Dataree	0			
Notes and Comments:								

	STATE: Colorado	
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2018	

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	35 Mr 1 44562 W
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	11,454
Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
Specific Ownership &/or Other	54.641	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1, through 5.)	54.641	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	54.641	i. Total (a. through h.)	11.454
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	86,442	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
State general funds		Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		e. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	10.150	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	10.150	g. Total (a. through f.)	
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	96.592	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
e, Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			
(2). Capacity Improvements			
(3). System Preservation			0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	C	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0		0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: